

**Isotope Practice**

1. Here are three isotopes of an element:  ${}^{12}_6\text{C}$        ${}^{13}_6\text{C}$        ${}^{14}_6\text{C}$
- The element is: \_\_\_\_\_
  - The number 6 refers to the \_\_\_\_\_
  - The numbers 12, 13, and 14 refer to the \_\_\_\_\_
  - How many protons and neutrons are in the first isotope? \_\_\_\_\_
  - How many protons and neutrons are in the second isotope? \_\_\_\_\_
  - How many protons and neutrons are in the third isotope? \_\_\_\_\_
2. A common way of writing the name of an isotope is to put the mass number after the name, For the isotopes above the names would be; Carbon-12, Carbon-13 and Carbon-14

Use this knowledge to complete the following chart

<b>Isotope name</b>	<b>atomic #</b>	<b>mass #</b>	<b># of protons</b>	<b># of neutrons</b>	<b># of electrons</b>
Potassium-37					
Oxygen-17					
uranium-235					
uranium-238					
boron-10					
boron-11					